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Introduction "My aunt used to say, 'What you can't see, can't hurt you'...well, she died of radiation poisoning a few months back!" ~ Harry Hill

You're going free...gluten-free. Congratulations.

Whether you've made your decision because gluten is not treating you well or you're simply looking for a healthier way of eating, the change doesn't have to be a traumatic endeavor, leaving you wanting, yearning, and hungry. You can have your cake and eat it too...and your pasta and your pizza and bread.

But what does it really mean to be free of gluten? These days, you hear the term buzzing around like a pesky housefly. You walk into a grocery and your eyes are bombarded with the phrase on scores of packages and advertisements. Are you asking yourself what exactly is gluten and why are so many people trying to break free? Is it just another diet fad or is a gluten-free diet genuinely better for you?

Then let's find out. In this book.

Gluten is much more than just wheat and found in more food products than bread and pasta. It's sneaking around corners and hiding in shadows you never would have thought to investigate. It can affect your body and mind in ways you never would have imagined. Fear not. I will guide you through understanding gluten, explain how it affects your mind and body, and show you how you can lead a healthier life--- of course, only in regards to going gluten-free. You're still responsible for the tubs of ice cream you devour, bottles of wine you empty, or cliffs you bungee over.

There's a virtual warehouse of gluten-free options available today----some good, some not so much. But far more choices exist than even five years ago. And with the convenience of online shopping, you're no longer limited to what your local supermarket offers. Now there are breads available that you won't confuse with a buttered sand dollar. Pizzas exist that don't taste like sauce and cheese on a tennis shoe and gluten-free beers that taste like, well, beer.

Proceed with caution though, not all gluten-free processed foods are your friend. If you care about other malevolent ingredients in your food, like corn syrup or red dye #5, you will have to become a label reader. Sad but true. Some companies want to make a fast dollar on the gluten-free hype and have little concern for the overall quality of the product. They remove the gluten but leave the sawdust and formaldehyde.

Of course, there are naturally-occurring gluten-free foods that require no reading glasses or ingredients cipher. You can easily pick up a gluten-free meal without examining one label.

Alcoholic beverages on the other hand can be trickier and the labels won't give up ingredients. It's just *whiskey*, right? Nope. Most people know beer is made from grains like barley and wheat and wine from

grapes. But when it comes to the hard stuff, the answers can get as cloudy as a whiskey sour. We'll dive deeper into the libation situation in *Chapter 5*.

Giving up foods you love is difficult, but when you see there are tasty alternatives and easily prepared meals to cook, the painful yearnings should be minimal and short-lived. Once your body is feeling better, the break-up with gluten will be a welcomed change.

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# **Gluten 101**

"Food is an important part of a balanced diet." ~ Fran Lebowitz

#### Gluten.

What is gluten? Is it just wheat? Many people think wheat is the only grain that contains gluten, but many other grains harbor it, as well. You're told you must eat grains to maintain a balanced diet---and who wants to be unbalanced? Yet, that's not the whole truth. Nor is it true that a food labeled gluten-free is inherently healthy, or that a gluten-free diet is a weight reeducation plan, like the Baby Food Diet.

#### Shop Talk

*Gluten* [gloo---ten] noun. A group of proteins from in grains such as wheat, barley, rye, semolina and spelt.

# So, What Do You Know About Gluten?

Let's go a little botany 101. Gluten is not the wheat or grain itself, but actually a group of proteins within the grains. Wheat, rye, barley, couscous, semolina, and spelt all contain gluten.

Special Feature: Buckwheat Is Not a Wheat

Buckwheat is an identification contradiction. It is not part of the wheat family nor does it contain gluten. Misleading. Most grains are grasses, but buckwheat is actually a fruit seed that comes from a flowering plant related to rhubarb. It can be used in place of rice, made into porridge, or ground into flour. You may have seen "Kasha" cereals in the grocery, which is actually toasted buckwheat.

So, we could say buckwheat is a fruit seed with an identity crisis.

By the way, did you know there is also gluten in corn and rice? Yep. Yet, the gluten in the listed grains above is different from the gluten in corn or rice. Corn and rice gluten do not affect those who have typical gluten-related issues. Though some people may be allergic to corn, that allergen has no relation

to the gluten sensitivity found with other grains. If you see corn or rice gluten listed as an ingredient, you're safe.

Now, back to the wheat. Of all the grains, wheat contains the most gluten, which is why wheat is so important in making bread. The gluten gives dough elasticity, allowing the dough to rise and stretch like an old, comfy pair of sweatpants after Thanksgiving dinner. Without the wheat, you're looking at a brick of bread, not a fluffy, air-bubbled loaf. That's also why other grain breads, like rye, will still contain some wheat.

#### Special Feature: Beer Responsible for Egyptians Discovering Fluffy Bread

Beer may be responsible for Egyptians discovering how to bake bread that rises...not because they were sitting around the pyramid one star-filled night, slugging back a few pints and Horus had a "great idea." No. It's theorized Egyptians used beer instead of water to bake bread. The yeast in the beer reacted with the gluten in the wheat, causing the dough to rise. Magical mystery bread.

#### **Wheat Runneth Over**

Let's take a look at the other foods in which wheat is needed. Many people don't realize how dependent we are on wheat for some of our most beloved foods. Do you crave some pasta? Wheat. Want a hamburger? Probably want a bun---with wheat. Clam chowder or tomato soup? Crackers, please. And wheat. Want a beer? Cheers---gluten! Bagels, pretzels, and pizza---wheat, wheat, wheat. Most cereals contain wheat. Let's not forget breading on your KFC super-crispy chicken or cookies, cakes, pie crust, muffins, and pancakes. You get the idea.

The U.S. is one of the top consumers of wheat. Apparently, Americans have a love affair with wheat. Or do we? Companies like to be sneaky, putting wheat in places where we would never expect to find it. We'll get more into that in *Chapter 4*.

# **A Quick Wheat History**

If wheat is so domineering in the American diet, one would might think it's healthy, right? You were taught the four basic food groups: fruits and vegetables, dairy, meat, and...*drum roll*...grains! How could your teachers, parents, scientists, and government (they are the ones who instituted the standards) all be wrong?

Well, let's look way back in history to answer these questions and discover how wheat wasn't originally a natural part of the human diet. The first humans to the evolutionary party did not eat wheat, only in the past 10,000 years did we figure it out and begin growing, harvesting, and gorging on it. That may seem like a long time ago, but if you consider humans have been leaving footprints on this planet for at least two million years, 10,000 is only a blip. Long before we were dialing for Domino's and Amazon Fresh deposited boxes of cucumbers at your door, we had to wander, searching for food like hungry little bunnies. We were hunters and gathers, eating what we found or killed, not what we grew. Imagine doing that after a long day in the cubicle. *Honey, I'm going out to hunt rabbits and pick some berries. I'll be back in time for din...oh wait, I'm hunting dinner*. There were no caves with white picket fences and gardens. Cavemen Carl and Carrie hunted small animals and insects and plundered nests for eggs. They fished and picked nuts, berries, leaves, and roots for sustenance.

Historians theorize that, as populations grew and climate changes occurred (we've gone through four ice ages before we ever had SUVs), a greater need for a stable food supply developed. Ancient peoples began living together in larger numbers, perhaps for safety or maybe for more dating options – *Hey, did you see that new guy in cave 2C? He has all his teeth.* Whatever the reasons, our ancestors discovered a need for food they didn't have to rummage or stalk. So, Cavemen Carl and Carrie began planting more and wandering less.

Yet wheat wasn't on the menu just yet. Wheat is actually toxic to humans in its natural, raw state. It wasn't until some ancient Galloping Gourmet discovered that cooking the grain broke down the toxins and made it ingestible for people. I wonder if they took volunteers for that initial taste test. If you're ever stranded for days in a wheat field, don't think you can graze on Farmer Fred's crop till you find your way out. You'd be better off eating the insects crawling on the stalks. Unless the insects are probably poisoned with pesticides. Just never get stranded in a wheat field.

Once the toxicity thing was worked out, wheat made a contender for a diet staple with its high calorie content and ability to be grown in mass. And due to wheat's affinity for mild, dry climates, it became popular in Middle Eastern countries, eventually spreading to Europe. We can thank the Europeans for bringing it to the United States, but the wheat fields of Kansas didn't exist until around 1839.

When our dapperly-dressed founders landed in New England, they discovered the wheat wouldn't grow in the freakishly cold, wet winters of the north. It wasn't until settlers forged west that they found a pleasant climate for wheat to prosper.

This brief lesson in wheat history is to point out that, contrary to what many think, wheat has not been a "natural" food source for humans. Without cooking or processing it, we cannot safely dine on it. And in *Chapter 2*, I will delve into how even the processed wheat of today can be detrimental to you---wheat isn't the breakfast champions should be eating.

### **Gluten-free Eating Is Not a Weight Loss Plan**

What are other misconceptions about wheat or going gluten-free? One is the assumption that going gluten-free is merely a diet fad or other weight-loss strategy, like lemon water and tabasco. While it is possible to lose weight by switching over to a gluten-free diet, that is not a guarantee nor the point.

Author's Aside: Gluten---Free, Not Calorie---free

After telling a friend I was now eating gluten-free, she asked, "Oh, are you trying to lose weight?"

"Nope," I replied, "just trying not to feel like a bloated, arthritic amnesia victim. Do I look like I need to lose weight?"

The point of going gluten-free is to rid yourself of gluten's plaguing symptoms. Though, with a glutenfree lifestyle, you could initially lose weight because your digestive system is functioning properly and you're no longer feeding on high-carb, high-calorie breads and pasta. Perhaps, if you no longer feel (and look) like a bloated toad with bad joints, you will have more energy for exercising. Yet, if you continue to eat or substitute those gluten foods with gluten-free sugar cookies and cakes, then the weight loss probably won't be happening.

It's like those cereal commercials claiming their product will lower your cholesterol and your pants size. It's not the actual cereal that will lower your cholesterol and drop the pounds. It's the fact that you're now crunching on lower-fat, airy rice flakes and have stopped feasting on bacon and syrup-drenched pancakes. You're simply lowering your calorie intake for breakfast by eating cereal. But if you gorge on BLTs and waffles, that cereal isn't going to get you into a teeny-weeny bikini. So it is with going glutenfree.

#### Author's Aside: I'm Not Picking on Bacon

I put down bacon above. I do not want to be misunderstood. Bacon is yummy. Bacon can be gluten-free. But too much bacon on your plate can lead to too much meat on your seat. Bacon in moderation.

Even if losing weight is not on your agenda, you still need to pay attention to what's going on in your **processed gluten-free foods** if you don't want to *gain* weight. Foods such as bread, pasta, pizza, cookies, and crackers can actually have a higher calorie and fat count than regular gluten-based items.

#### Shop Talk

*Processed gluten-free*[**proh**---sesd] adjective, [gloo---ten---free] adjective. A food that is not naturally gluten---free. In its natural state it is not gluten-freeand is created in a factory. Bread doesn't grow on trees.

For instance, Amy's, a popular **organic** prepared food company, offers some gluten-free options, but their frozen pizza is high in calories and fat.

Special Feature: Amy's Cheese Pizza Compared to DiGiorno Cheese Pizza							
Amy's Cheese Pizza	DiGiorno Cheese Pizza						
Serving Size – 1/3 <b>(113 g)</b>	Serving Size – 1/6 <b>(140 g)</b>						
Calories – 320	Calories – 320						
Total Fat – 16g	Total Fat – 12g						
Saturated Fat – 4g	Saturated Fat – 5g						
Trans Fat – 0	Trans Fat – 0						
Cholesterol – 0	Cholesterol – 0						
Sodium – 590g	Sodium – 960g						
Carbohydrates – 34g	Carbohydrates – 38g						
Fiber – 2g	Fiber – 2g						
Sugar – 5g	Sugar – 6g						
Protein – 10g	Protein – 15g						
Vitamin A 6% Vitamin C 6%	Vitamin A 6% Vitamin C 4%						
Calcium 15% Iron 8%	Calcium 20% Iron 10%						

Note that the serving size for Amy's is actually smaller – 113g compared to DeGiorno's 140g. So, even though the calorie count for both is the same, you get slightly less pizza for those calories, and the fat is actually higher with Amy's.

Source: Fatsecret, 2014

http://www.fatsecret.com/calories---nutrition/amys/gluten---free---cheese---pizza

# <u>Tip:</u> Read the Serving Sizes

When reading a label, don't just look at the calories or fat. Pay attention to the serving sizes. Companies know most people don't bother to read the serving size on a package, so they love to knock the serving size on their products to make high-calorie foods look less villainous. You may think 20 calories is super for a gluten-free muffin, but then you see the serving size is 1/36 of a whole muffin.

*Organic* [awr---gan---ik] adjective. Referring to any food that is not genetically modified, grown "naturally" without pesticides and no added chemicals (preservatives, etc) and also food coming from animals that are fed organic diets and raised in natural environments.

#### A Gluten-Free label Does Not Guarantee Its Healthy

Speaking of label reading...when you hear or read the term "gluten-free" you may unconsciously assume "healthy". It's gluten-free, it's good for me. Often when you cut elements out of your life the goal is to feel good, right? Whether it's smoking, sugar, caffeine, or a crazy ex, you do it to feel better. Yet, not all processed gluten-free foods are healthy. Granted if you're picking up a box of gluten-free cookies or a cake, you probably don't care about getting to know what's inside, you just want some fun. *Just give me sugar cookies; I don't care if they have potassium aluminum sulfate.* For those of you who do care what other mystery **additives** are in your gluten-free foods, read on.

#### Shop Talk

Additive [**ad**---i--tiv]noun. Any substance added to a food for preservation, stabilization or coloring.

Most organic gluten-free products use only natural ingredients. One reason many gluten-free breads are found in the freezer section is because they use little or no preservatives. However, "organic" is not a guarantee everything in the product is good for you.

#### Author's Aside: Udi's Gluten-Free Bread Contains Corn Syrup

I ate Udi's gluten-free bread for several months before I actually read the label. I naively assumed gluten-free was synonymous with healthy. But as I began researching more about food ingredients, I began reading every label.

On reviewing Udi's, I discovered it was made with corn syrup. No, no, no. I found their website and commented that I will no longer be purchasing their bread because of the corn syrup. They assured me it was processed differently and therefore not "bad." Ok, maybe not *as* bad as high-fructose corn syrup (HFCS), but it's still not good. Udi's claimed that because regular corn syrup is derived directly from corn starch and does not go through the *additional* processing that HFSC does, it's benign.

Yet, corn syrup still goes through chemical processing, it is not a *natural* extraction. There simply is not anything natural about corn syrup. To make corn starch from which corn syrup is derived, corn kernels are first bathed in a "small" amount of sulfur dioxide, which reacts with the water in the solution creating *sulfuric acid*. Acid. The kernels swim in this acid bath up to 40 minutes. Further down the road, the corn starch is introduced to a "weak" solution of hydrochloric acid. Acid Part II. This pressure-heated chemical hot-tub converts the corn starch to sugar---the longer it's submerged, the sweeter it will be. Then it will go on to further refinement and filtering.

So, non-HFSC is still a simple, refined sugar. Simple sugars are quickly broken down in your body, causing blood sugar and insulin spikes. This speedy processing prevents the feeling of fullness even after a high-calorie intake. Complex sugars, like those found in fruits, are processed more slowly, giving a more even release of insulin with no blood sugar spikes.

Simple, refined sugars have been linked to obesity and diabetes. Is it a coincidence that diagnosis of diabetes boomed after corn syrup was ok'd as a food additive and used in all the wrong places? Corn syrup is corn syrup...is bad for you.

Now the food company magicians are bullying the FDA to allow HFCS to be labeled as "corn sugar". People got smart and stopped buying food with HFSC, so now they have to change the game and give you a new word to figure out.

The large food companies are not as concerned about their ingredients as the organic companies when it comes to your health. The health of their profits is the focus and the gluten-free explosion is another "profit tonic" they can exploit. Therein, they are more inclined to use cheap chemicals to boost texture, color, and shelf life---kind of like Botox for your food.

These companies use additives like fertilizer *and ammonium phosphate,* which is used as a fire retardant, in bread. Yum. How about *ammonium sulfate---* or as his friends like to call him---*sulfuric acid diammonium salt?* Besides being an anticaking agent in food, this bad boy is also used to make explosives. Foods that make you go BOOM! The list of food additives that you may encounter in your gluten-free foods is truly too long and scary to include, but you will find many links to sites that cover all that madness in *The Deep Dish* section.

<u>Tip:</u> Food Additive Website Food Additives, 2013 <u>http://www.foodadditivesworld.com/other---food---condiments.html</u>

Furthermore, food companies can put anything they want on the front of their package. Anything. The law says they can. Though they are required to list the ingredients *somewhere*, the front of the packaging is a free-for-all. They can claim it's gluten-free or that it will make your straight hair grow curly, rip you with muscles, and potty train your dog if he eats it. Anything goes. Only on the ingredients label do they have to tell the truth. Mostly.

Another little truth sleight-of-hand that the food companies like to perform is in regards to listing "natural" ingredients. When you see "natural flavors" on the package, they are usually anything but natural. Our government is playing peek-a-boo with facts. They consider anything that has been

originally extracted from a plant or animal to be "natural." Never mind what processing it has gone through or other chemical makeover has been performed. As long as the beginning of its life began with a living organism, then it's "natural."

#### Special Feature: Check Out Cereal and Salad Dressings for an Eye Opener

Next time you're at the market take a gander at cereals claiming, on the front, to contain strawberries or some other fruit. Then read the ingredients. Find any fruit? Think those little round blue things are blueberries? Guess again. Balls of blue dye #2.

Another good example is salad dressings. Not only are they secretors of gluten, but many falsely claim to be all olive oil. Look on the back. While some may list olive oil as one of the last ingredients (the lower on the list, the less it contains) behind other oils like canola, sunflower or cottonseed, other dressings do not contain one drop of olive oil. Liar, liar.

Additionally, most of these oils are overheated during their processing, which damages the oil. Damaged oils can cause damage to your cells, eventually causing damage to DNA, which could lead to cancer. Genetically modified you.

When it comes to frozen foods like a plain bag of peas or beans---not the "vegetable medley" soused in a mystery sauce---it's hit or miss. Some brands will contain preservatives, even though freezing is supposed to be the preserving factor.

If you're concerned about unhealthy additives in your gluten-free food, you will have to make ingredients reading a habit. It only takes four weeks to create a habit. You can do it. Unless of course, you eat all **naturally occurring gluten-free foods** like fresh meats, fruits, vegetables, and raw nuts. The best rule of thumb---if it has an ingredients label, read it.

#### Shop Talk

*Naturally---occurring gluten-free*[**nach**---er---*uh*---lee] adverb, [*uh*---**kur---ing**] verb, [**gloo**--ten---free] adjective. A phrase to describe a food that, in its natural state, does not contain gluten. Example: 1. Apples. Pick them and eat them – never had gluten, never will. 2. Beef --- in its raw, throw---it---on---the---grill state.